

COMPASS COLLEGE
of CINEMATIC ARTS



Annual Security Report 2017-2018

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Campus Safety Policies

The staff and faculty of Compass College of Cinematic Arts (CCCA) are here to serve the students and to help protect the people and property of those on campus through security policies and to respond to emergencies by contacting Grand Rapids emergency services by dialing 9-1-1. Our college benefits from the fact that Grand Rapids offers a safe environment for all of its citizens.

Annual Security Report

The Campus Security Act (Public Law 102-26) requires postsecondary institutions to annually disclose the number of instances in which certain specific types of crimes have occurred in any building or on any property owned or controlled by this institution which is used for activities related to the educational purpose of the institution and/or any building or property owned or controlled by student organizations recognized by this institution.

In compliance with that law, CCCA prepares and individually notifies current students, staff, faculty, and prospective students each September by email and/or standard mail of the availability of the Annual Security Report, which is posted on our website at <http://www.compass.edu/index.php/student-affairs/student-policies>. A printed copy of the report can be obtained from our offices located at 41 Sheldon Blvd., SE, Grand Rapids.

The Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics report is prepared by the Vice President of Institutional Affairs and distributed by the Director of the Center for Excellence. The statistical data used in the compilation of this report is gathered from the Grand Rapids Police Department annually. This report details any instance of murder, negligent and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, any hate crime, liquor and drug law arrests or violations, and any weapons possessions arrests or violations. The report also details the College’s security procedures and regulations.

In addition to the Annual Security Report, the Director of the Center for Excellence also presents campus security policies and emergency procedures during the Orientation session on the first day of the academic year, and holds a safety meeting with students, staff, and a member of the Grand Rapids Police Department during the first month of the school year. This session encourages students to be responsible and to practice personal safety measures and to look out for the safety of others.

Offense	Year	On Campus Property	Non-Campus Property	*Public Property	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Negligent Manslaughter	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Sex Offenses, Forcible	2016				
	2015			1	1
	2014				
Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Rape	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Statutory Rape	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Fondling	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Incest	2016				
	2015				
	2014				

Domestic Violence	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Dating Violence	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Stalking	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Robbery	2016				
	2015				
	2014			1	1
Aggravated Assault	2016			1	1
	2015				
	2014			1	1
Burglary	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Motor Vehicle Theft	2016			1	1
	2015				
	2014			2	2
Arson	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Liquor Law Arrests	2016			1	1
	2015				
	2014			4	4
Liquor Law Violations Referred For Disciplinary Action	2016				
	2015			1	1
	2014				
Drug Law Arrests	2016				
	2015				
	2014			2	2
Drug Law Violations Referred For Disciplinary Action	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	2016				
	2015				
	2014				
Illegal Weapons Possession Violations Referred For Disciplinary Action	2016				
	2015				
	2014				

* Public property is defined as the street and sidewalk outside the main entrance of building on Sheldon Blvd SE. and the parking lot on the south side of the building.

Reporting a Crime

CCCA does not employ campus security personnel; however, all students and employees are required to promptly report any crime or emergency to the Director of the Center for Excellence. If a student wishes to report a crime on a voluntary or confidential basis, the Director of the Center for Excellence is required to record and report the crime, but can withhold the identity of the informant. The student or employee may, in order to maintain confidentiality, submit the information in writing to the Director of the Center for Excellence without signature. The Director of the Center for Excellence will then contact the correct authorities. If the student wishes not to maintain

confidentiality, the student will contact the Director of the Center for Excellence, who, in turn, will contact the nearest supervisor to report criminal actions or emergencies to the appropriate agency by calling 9-1-1.

Please note that any emergency that requires immediate attention, students and employees are required to contact the appropriate agency by calling 9-1-1 and follow up by reporting the incident to the Director of the Center for Excellence.

Report Crimes to:

Jack Brown
Director of the Center for Excellence
Office: 616-988-1000
jack.b@compass.edu

Timely Warning

Compass College of Cinematic Arts will make timely warnings to the campus community of crimes reported or other incidents that could pose the potential for danger to students or employees. Depending on the nature of the incident, the following procedures will be followed:

- An incident presenting imminent danger or injury, such as a robbery, assault, fire or natural disaster
 - 9-1-1 will be called immediately and all affected students, faculty and administrative staff will be evacuated from the building or escorted to a safe location by the Director of the Center for Excellence or senior administrative staff.
- An incident presenting the possibility of future danger
 - Students, faculty and administrative staff will be notified, orally and by email, of the incident and advised of the caution that individuals should take in protecting themselves.

Building Emergencies

Fire Emergency: Fire and the associated dangers of smoke, structural danger, or toxic releases can pose serious threats of injury and death to students, employees, visitors, and emergency response personnel. In order to control a fire and minimize its damage, the following steps should be taken:

- All building occupants will evacuate immediately by means of the nearest available exit
- Pull the fire alarm
- Alert other people in the area and instruct them to leave the building
- Go immediately to the designated assembly area, the northwest corner of the Spectrum parking lot across from the CCCA building and await further instructions
- Call 9-1-1 from a safe location
- Do not use elevators
- College employees will keep track of their visitors and report their status to the college President
- Remain in the designated assembly area until College officials or the Fire Department instructs you on how to proceed

Natural Disaster: In the event of natural disasters, the following procedures should be followed:

Tornado - Tornadoes usually occur in the spring and summer; they are formed by severe thunderstorms. Considered nature's most violent, erratic storm, they consist of whirling winds of up to 300 miles per hour. Tornadoes can sweep through an area, causing serious damage and destruction, and then change direction and strike again. In addition to injuries and structural damage, electrical shorts, gas leaks, etc., may cause fires or other hazards.

Procedures for a Tornado Watch

- Classes may be canceled if a Tornado Watch goes into effect within one hour of the start of class
- If class is in session when a Tornado Watch is issued, College officials will determine the appropriate actions to take
- If a Tornado Watch is issued, College officials will make decisions regarding shelter-in-place or dismissal of classes as the situation warrants

Procedures for a Tornado Warning

- Classes are canceled if a Tornado Warning goes into effect within one hour of the start of class
- If class is in session when a Tornado Warning is issued, the following actions should be taken:
 - Go to the lower level of the building immediately
 - The safest areas are in the Media Services Room, Student Lounge, Employee Lounge, the lower level of the north or south side stair wells, and as a last result, hallway areas like the Yellow Brick Road and the Road to Perdition where there's no glass
 - Faculty Offices, Hollywood Square, Executive Conference Room, Classrooms 1 and 4, and the Sound Stage will shelter in the Media Services Room, Employee Lounge, and the lower level of the north stair well

- The Director of the Center for Excellence will supervise those gathered in the Media Services Room, Employee Lounge, and the lower level of the north stair well
- The Director of the Center for Excellence will bring an Emergency Kit to the Media Services Room, Employee Lounge, and the lower level of the north stair well
- Administrative Offices, Classrooms 2 and 3, the ADR room, Theater, and Student Lounge will shelter in the Student Lounge and lower level of the south stair well
- The Admissions Manager will supervise those gathered in the Student Lounge and lower level of the south stair well
- The Admissions Manager will bring an Emergency Kit to the Student Lounge and lower level of the south stair well
- The Administration person at the front desk will take the portable phone with him/her to monitor incoming phone calls
 - Stand away from large areas of glass and exterior doors
 - Stand against the walls rather than in the center of rooms or hallways
 - If possible get underneath a sturdy piece of furniture
- Classes are to be delayed or dismissed during a Tornado Warning until the warning has expired
- Whenever a Tornado Warning is issued for the city or county, all faculty, staff, students, and visitors will proceed immediately to the designated shelter areas. This means that faculty is required to dismiss class, suspend final exams, and otherwise cease academic endeavors in order to immediately seek shelter.

Emergency Drill: In order to acquaint students, staff and faculty of emergency procedures, fire drills will be conducted, facilitated by the Director of the Center for Excellence in conjunction with the building's management company.

Building Security and Access

Only students, employees and other parties having business with Compass College of Cinematic Arts should be on CCCA property. The main entrance to the school is the only door that is accessible by the public during office hours. All other entrances and exits are locked and only accessible by staff and faculty. When the school closes for the night, the last authorized staff member will inspect the premises to see that it is empty and that all doors are locked. Other individuals present on CCCA property at any time without the express permission of the administration shall be viewed as trespassing and may as such be subject to a fine and/or arrest. In addition, students and employees present on CCCA property without the express permission of the administration shall also be viewed as trespassing and may also be subject to a fine and/or arrest.

Campus Law Enforcement

CCCA staff and faculty have no powers of arrest other than the Citizens Arrest Law, and are required, in the event of a crime or emergency, to call the correct agency or dial 9-1-1 for police and emergency services. The Citizens Arrest Law will be invoked only as a last resort, and after all possibilities have been explored.

Crime Prevention

During the first month of classes, CCCA holds a meeting with students, staff and faculty, in which a member of the Grand Rapids Police Department presents a variety of safety information to the CCCA community. Students are encouraged to exercise proper care in seeing to their own personal safety and the safety of others. The following is a description of policies, rules and programs designed to inform students and employees about the prevention of crimes on campus.

- Do not leave personal property in classrooms, in other student-designated areas or in common areas of the building.
- Report any suspicious persons to the Director of the Center for Excellence.
- Always try to walk in groups outside the school premises.
- When waiting for a ride, wait within sight of other people.
- Staff and faculty will close and lock all doors and turn off lights when leaving the building at the end of the day.
- The Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics is available upon request to students, staff, faculty and prospective students and notification is e-mailed to students each September/October and is available in print upon request.
- CCCA cannot assume the responsibility for personal valuables. We strongly recommend that students insure property for a variety of losses, take photos and record serial numbers on valuable equipment, and clearly mark all personal property. The college also encourages students to lock their vehicles.

Anti-Drug Enforcement Policies

Alcohol Policy

CCCA does not permit the sale, possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages on school premises or as part of any of its activities, and adheres to and enforces all state underage-drinking laws.

Drug Policy

Compass College of Cinematic Arts does not permit the possession, use or sale of illegal drugs by its employees or students and adheres to and enforces all State and Federal drug laws. A violation of these policies by students or employees may result in expulsion, termination and/or arrest.

CCCA does not permit the sale, possession or use of marijuana on school premises or as part of any of its activities, and adheres to and enforces all State and Federal drug laws.

Since the use of drugs is inconsistent with the standards and purposes of Compass College of Cinematic Arts, the unlawful possession or use of a controlled substance is prohibited. This prohibition does not apply to prescribed drugs used as prescribed. Students and staff members must report any prescribed drug use that could have an adverse effect on the student or staff member’s safety or job performance. Failure to adhere to this drug policy is cause for expulsion, termination and/or arrest.

Drug & Alcohol Abuse

Compass College is a drug and alcohol free zone and does not permit the possession, use or sale of illegal drugs or alcoholic beverages by its students on school premises without exception. It adheres to and enforces all State and Federal drug and alcohol laws. This prohibition does not apply to prescribed drugs that are used as directed by a physician. Students must report to the Director of the Center for Excellence any prescribed drug that could have an adverse effect on the student’s safety or job performance. Violation of these policies by students may result in expulsion and/or arrest.

In a three-stage process, any student violating CCCA’s drug and alcohol policy, no less than the following sanctions will be assigned:

- Stage 1: Parental notification if the student is under 21 years of age, completion of an Alcohol or Drug Education Program, sanction hours
- Stage 2: Referral for evaluation, sanction hours
- Stage 3: Recommendation for suspension from the college for a set period of time

Any student convicted in a court of law of criminally violating drug and alcohol laws or CCCA’s drug-free campus rules, within 30 days of the court hearing, one of the following sanctions may be assigned:

- Sanction 1: Suspension from the college for a set period of time with reentry considered upon completion of an Alcohol or Drug Education Program and professional evaluation
- Sanction 2: Suspension from the college

Students must:

- Agree to abide by CCCA’s Drug-Free Campus policy
- Sign a Zero Tolerance statement upon enrollment at the college
- Inform us within five (5) days of the time you are convicted of a criminal drug violation on campus or at one of our activities
- Satisfactorily complete the program of help you accept in lieu of being expelled from the college

A federal or state drug conviction can disqualify a student for Title IV funds. Convictions count if the offense occurred during a period of enrollment for which the student was receiving Title IV aid. The following chart illustrates the period of ineligibility for Title IV funds.

	Possession of Illegal Drugs	Sale of Illegal Drugs
1st Offense	1 year from date of conviction	2 years from date of conviction
2nd Offense	2 years from date of conviction	Indefinite period
3+ Offenses	Indefinite period	

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking Policy

If a sexual assault (criminal offense) occurs on campus, it should be reported immediately to the Director of the Center for Excellence who will report it to 9-1-1 emergency and/or police units. The person who was victimized will be encouraged to seek counseling at a rape crisis center and to maintain all physical evidence until such a time as that person can be properly transported to a hospital or rape crisis center for proper treatment. CCCA has zero tolerance of such assault; the violation of this policy by students or employees may result in expulsion while investigations are being followed, termination and/or arrest. A list of educational programs that promote awareness of different types of sex offenses is available from the Director of the Center for Excellence. Also available from the Director of the Center for Excellence is a listing of counseling, mental health programs and other services for victims of sex offenses.

Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking are prohibited. Individuals who become aware of any of these occurrences should report it to the Director of the Center for Excellence right away. If a report is made to CCCA of any of these occurrences, we will:

- Take immediate steps to ensure protection of the victim.
- Interview the complainant and notify the student of his/her rights to file a criminal complaint.
- Investigate the complaint, including interviewing the accused student and any witnesses.
- Notify both the victim and the accused simultaneously of the resolution decision by CCCA.
- If a criminal complaint is filed, notify the accused student within 10 business days of the criminal complaint being filed.

Compass College of Cinematic Arts is required to inform the campus community that a list of all registered sex offenders in Michigan is available at <http://www.mipsor.state.mi.us/>.

Programs to Prevent Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

Active bystanders play a critical role in the prevention of sexual and relationship violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or take other action, such as notifying authority. Bystanders may not always know what to do. Below are some ways to be an active bystander:

If you or someone else is in danger, dial 9-1-1. This could be when a person is yelling or being abusive toward another and it wouldn't be safe for you to interrupt.

Watch out for your friends/fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they're in trouble or needs help, ask if they are okay.

Confront people who seclude, hit on or try to make out with, or have sex with people who are incapacitated.

Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person.

Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking.

Refer people to on- or off-campus resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling, or with legal assistance.

To reduce your risk of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking, adhere to the following strategies:

Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way to get out of a bad situation.

Try to avoid isolated areas.

Walk with purpose. Even if you don't know where you're going, act like you do.

Trust your instincts. If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, you should leave.

Try not to load yourself down with packages/bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.

Make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have money for a cab.

Don't allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or don't know.

Avoid putting headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you're walking alone.

When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together.

Trust your instincts. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut feeling. Immediately contact law enforcement if you see something suspicious.

Don't leave your drink unattended. If you've left your drink alone, get a new one.

Don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust. If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, don't drink from the punch bowl or other large, open containers.

Watch out for your friends, and vice versa. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they've had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately.

1. If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately by dialing 9-1-1. Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests.

If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation, here are some things you can try:

1. Remember that being in this situation is not your fault. You didn't do anything wrong. It's the person who is making you feel uncomfortable that is to blame.
2. Be true to yourself. Don't feel obligated to do anything you don't want to do. "I don't want to," is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you and what you are comfortable with doing.
3. Have a code word with your friends and family so that if you don't feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come to get you.
4. Don't worry about hurting the person's feelings. It is better to leave rather than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse.

Try to think of an escape route. How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the doors? Windows? Are there people around who might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?

If you and/or the other person have been drinking, you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.

Please refer to the following sites for additional information:

Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network:

<http://www.rainn.org/>

Dept. of Justice, Sexual Assault

<http://www.justice.gov/ovw/sexual-assault>

Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html>

Disciplinary Actions/Sanctions in cases of Alleged Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

Investigations that result in a finding that one of these offenses has occurred will lead to the initiation of disciplinary procedures against the accused individual.

CCCA's sanctions for students are as follows:

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking: Probation or suspension or dismissal with the possibility of additional sanctions, including being banned from a segment/area of campus; no contact order.

CCCA's sanctions for staff are:

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, or Dating Violence: Termination of employment, suspension, education programs, no contact order.

Stalking: Suspension, termination, no contact order, warning, community service, or education programs.

Protective Measures

The college may implement protective measures following the report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking which may include some or all of the following actions: No-contact order, alteration of academic and work situations. Employees who violate this policy will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment. Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are criminal acts, which also may subject the perpetrator to criminal and civil penalties under federal and state law.

The Title IX Coordinator or their designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measures should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include, but are not limited to: A college order of no contact, adjustment of class course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or multiple parties involved. Violations of the Title IX Coordinator's directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action.

* Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by Compass College of Cinematic Arts.

* Applicable law requires that, when taking such steps to separate the complainant and the accused, the College must minimize the burden on the complainant and thus should not, as a matter of course, remove the complainant from his or her job or classes while allowing the accused to remain.

Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offenses

CCCA will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the college against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, CCCA will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

Confidentiality

CCCA will protect the identity of persons who report having been a victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to the fullest extent of the law.

Crime Definitions

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sexual Offense

Definitions derived from the National Incident Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program:

Forcible – Any sex act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against that person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent. This includes forcible rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object, and forcible fondling.

Non-Forcible – Incidents of unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse, such as incest and statutory rape. Incest is defined as non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law. Statutory rape is defined as non-forcible intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Sexual Assault

Sexual assault means an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting System. A sex offense is any act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape – The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ or another person without consent of the victim.

Fondling – The touching of the private parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his or her age or because of his or her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest – Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape – Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (16 in the state of Michigan).

Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person(s) by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle

Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Hate Crimes

Any criminal offense that manifests evidence of prejudice based on race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin or disability.

Weapons Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses regulatory in nature, such as, manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse/Use Violations

Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Domestic Assault

A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by any of the following individuals:

A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim

A person with whom the victim has a child in common

A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner

A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred

Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred

Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

The existence of a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim is determined based on:

The reporting party's statement

The length of the relationship

The type of relationship

The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship

Stalking

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

1. A course of conduct is two or more acts, including but not limited to acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly or through third parties, by action, method, device or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
2. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
3. Reasonable persons mean a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.